What Performance Measures are Needed for Signal Coordination Timing

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Questions

- Is ATSPM (%AoG) sufficient for evaluating arterial signal coordination timing?
- What is missing in our current practice on conducting before-after signal timing evaluations?
- What is the purpose of signal performance measures (Can they replace current signal timing process)?





Outline

• Two Types of ATSPM

- Detector/phase Events (FHWA/Purdue)
- Automated Vehicle Trajectories

Trajectory-based Corridor Performance Measures

- Floating-car-based measures
- Corridor Synchronization Performance Index or Quality of Signal Timing Index
- Orange County and UNR Methods
- Automated Vehicle Trajectories from CV Data Sources



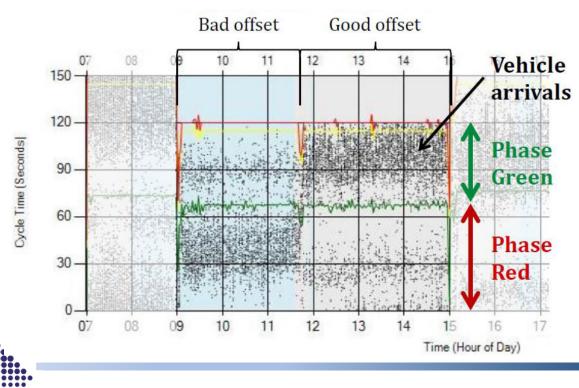




Detector/Phase Based ATSPM

%AoR or %AoG

Purdue Coordination Diagram



Limitations:

- Link-based measure, not arterial-level performance
- No established criteria for performance quality



Trajectory-based Performance

- Conventional floating-car travel runs for before-after studies
 - What is missing?

Quality level, reflection of the timing, side street

- Orange County's Corridor Synchronization Performance Index (CSPI)
 - A composite score based on average speed, greens per red, and stops per mile
- UNR enhanced CSPI or QOS





What is the Purpose of ATSPM?

A. Identify corridors where signal retiming would reduce drivers' complaints

B. Identify corridors where signal retiming would get the best bang for your buck (Quality of Signal Timing)

C. Automate the signal timing process like adaptive signal systems



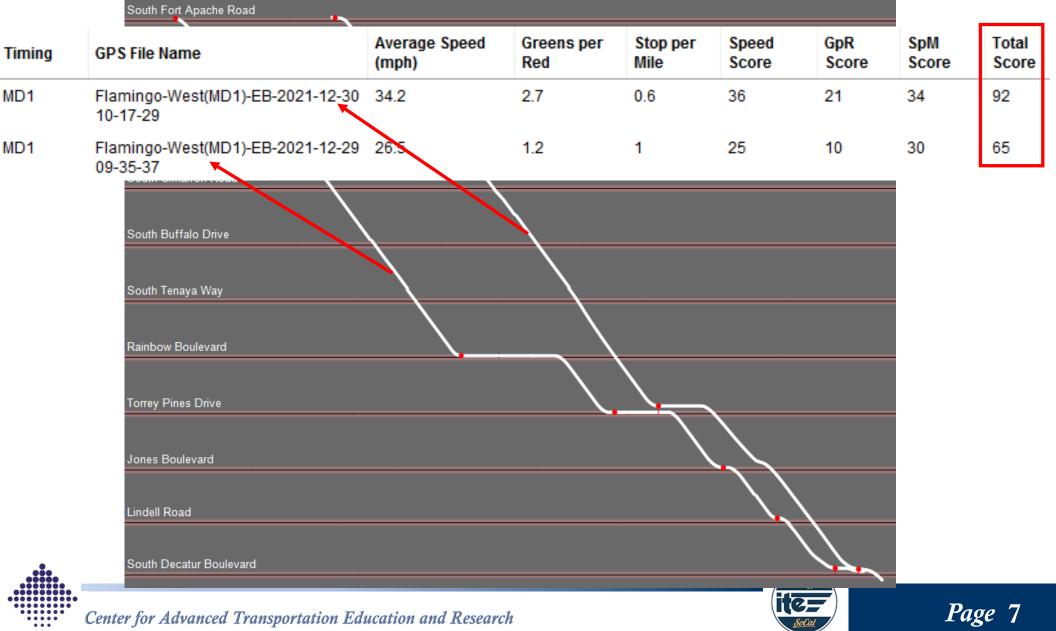
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Orange County's CSPI

Speed (mph) 34 32 30 28	Score 36 33 30 27	Green/ Score 5.0 40 4.5 36 4.0 32 3.5 28	Stops per Mile Score 0.7 33 0.9 31 1.1 29 1.3 27	 Highest possible score = 109 No information on speed limit or free-freed No differentiation between short stop a long stop Ignore the impact on side street 				
26	24	CSPI Score	Sigr	al Synchronization Description	Level			
24 22	21 18	>=80		<u>tion</u> – traveling through signalized intersections mal stops and favorable travel speeds.	Tier 1			
20 15	15 8	70-80		- traveling through signalized intersections with w stops and good travel speeds.				
	60-70		Fair progression – traveling through signalized intersections with moderate stops and fair travel speeds.					
••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	Center for	50-60	Limited progression* – traveling through signalized intersections with moderately high stops and slower travel speeds.					

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UNR's CSPI or QOS

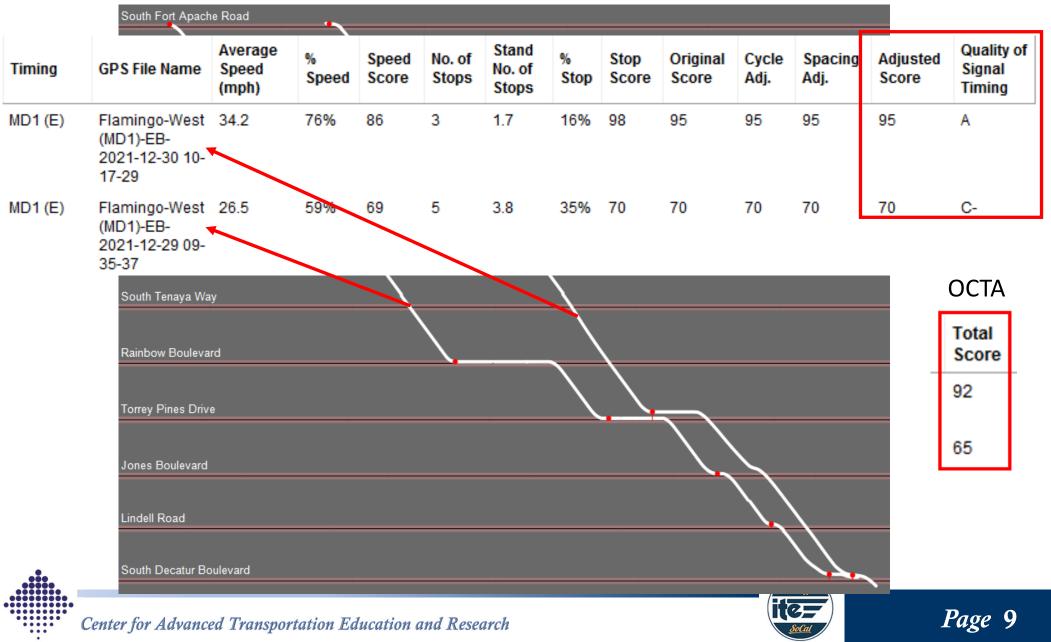
- Incorporate the following: speed limit (or free-flow speed), cycle length, and stop duration
- Different treatment on signal spacing
 - Quality of signal timing vs. driver's perception
- Score is on a 100 scale with corresponding letter grades (A, B, C, D, F)





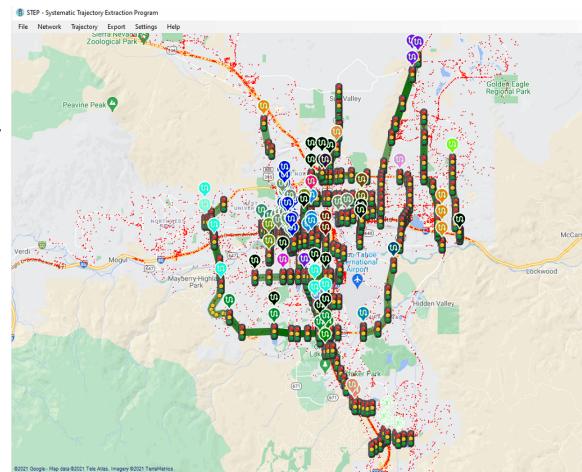


UNR's Enhanced CSPI



Automated Trajectory Data Sources

- Vehicle Telematics or Connected vehicles
- <u>Systematic Trajectory</u>
 <u>Extraction Program</u>
 (STEP)



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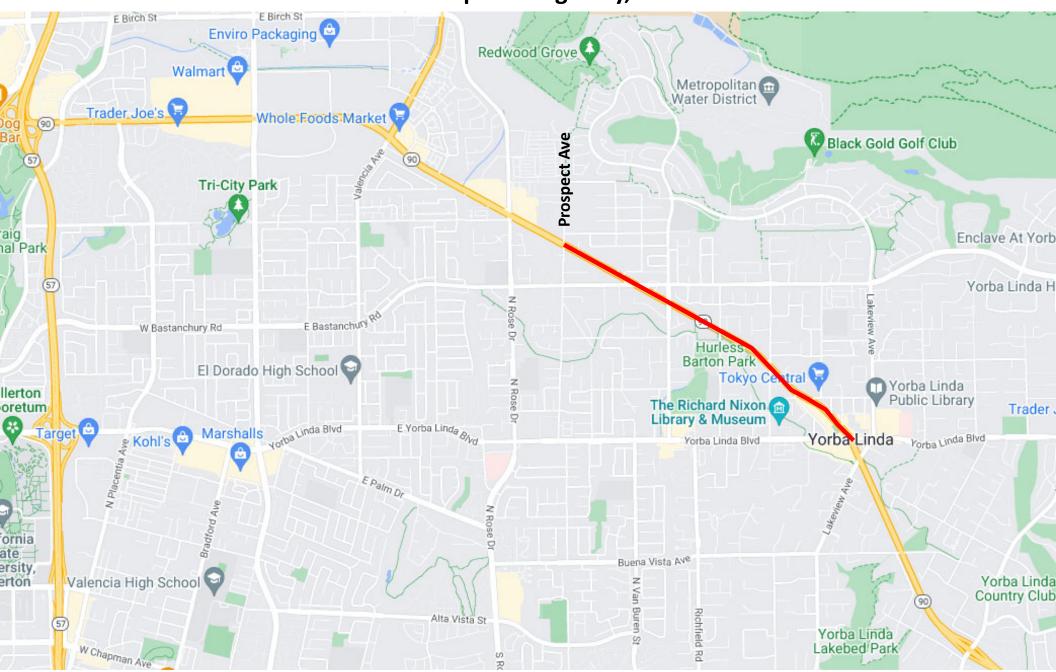


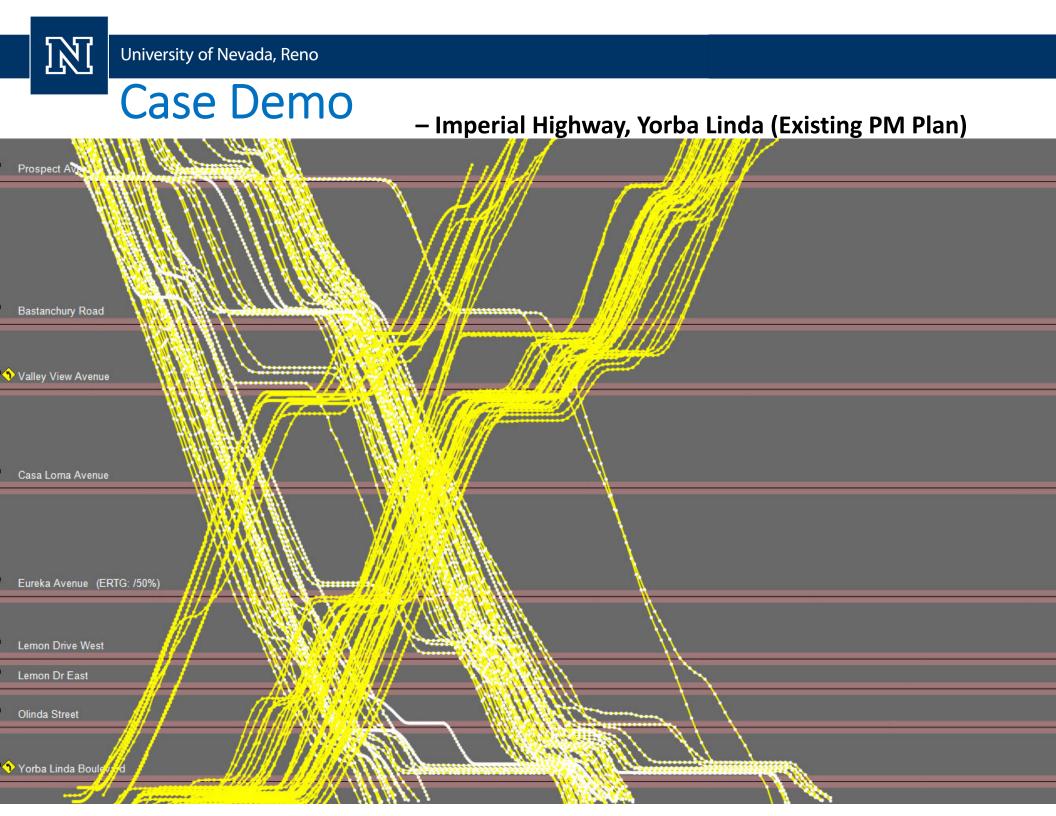


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Case Demo

– Imperial Highway, Yorba Linda





- Imperial Highway, Yorba Linda (Existing PM Plan)

Corridor Synchronization Performance Index

Summary

Arterial: Imperial Hwy

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Timing	No. of Runs	Average Speed (mph)	Greens per Red (GpR)	Stops per Mile (SpM)	Speed Score	GpR score	SpM score	Total Score	Average Travel Time (s)	Average Delay Time (s)	Average Total Stop Time (s)
PM (Avg)	127	29.3	4.9	1	29	40	30	99	218	95	42
PM (NW)	47	28	4	1.1	27	32	29	88	226	103	49
PM (SE)	80	30.1	5.5	0.9	30	40	31	101	213	91	38

Corridor Synchronization Performance Index

Summary

Arterial: Imperial Hwy

Timing	No. of Runs	Average Speed- mph	Average Speed Score	Average Stop Score	Average Score	Quality of Signal Timing	Average Travel Time (s)	Average Delay Time (s)	Average Total Stop Time (s)
PM (Avg)	127	29.3	69	93	87	B+	218	95	42
PM (NW)	47	28	66	92	85	в	226	103	49
PM (SE)	80	30.1	70	94	88	B+	213	91	38

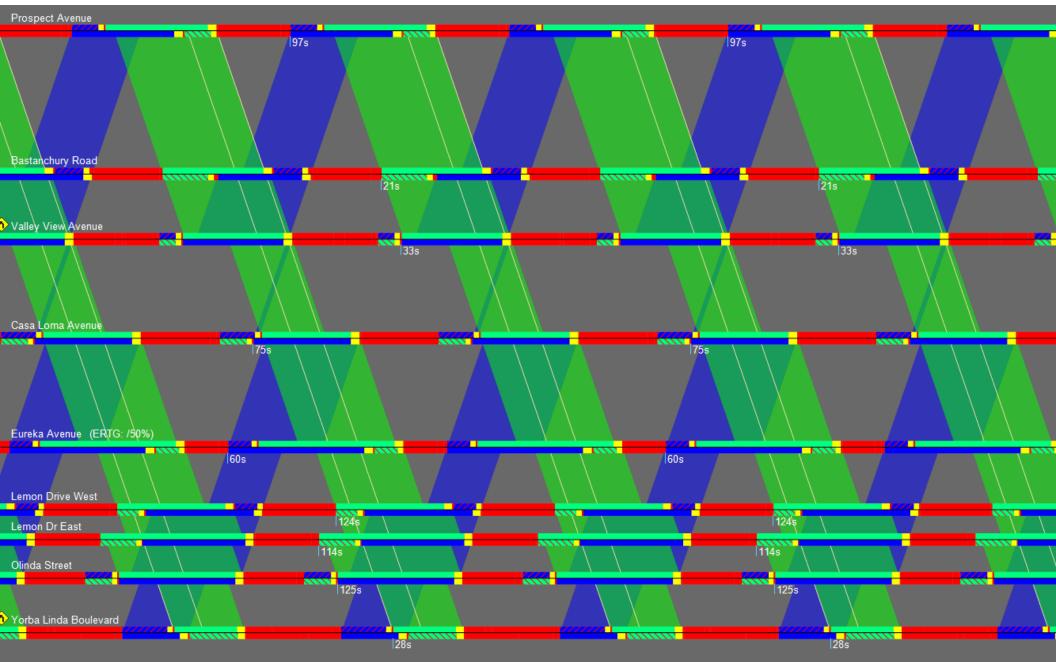




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Case Demo

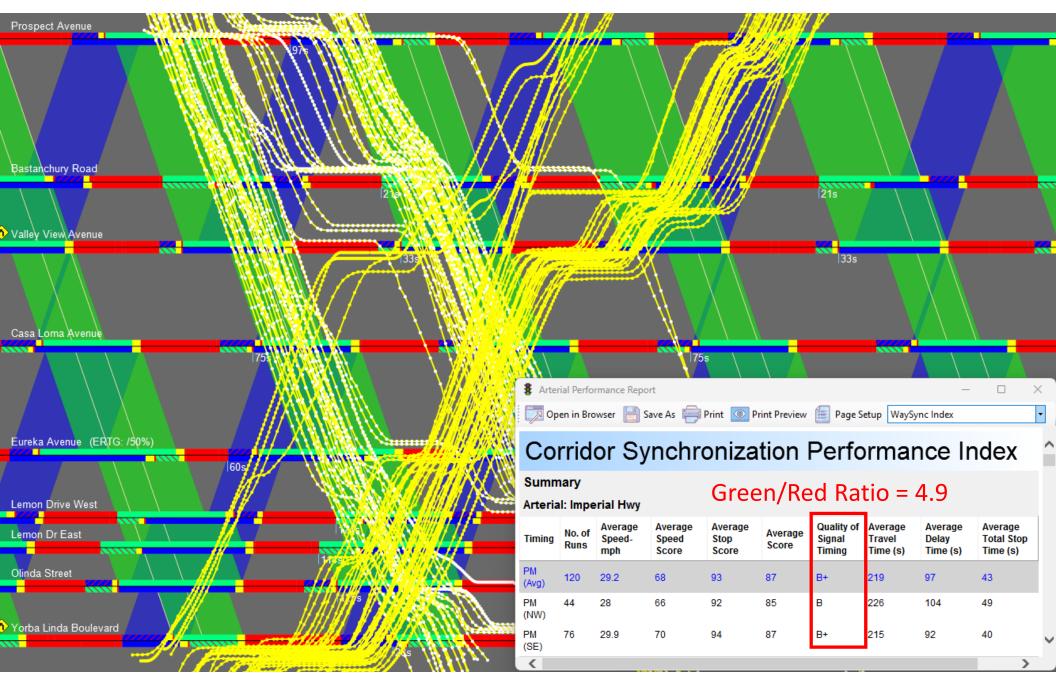
- Imperial Highway, Yorba Linda (Existing PM Plan)



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Case Demo

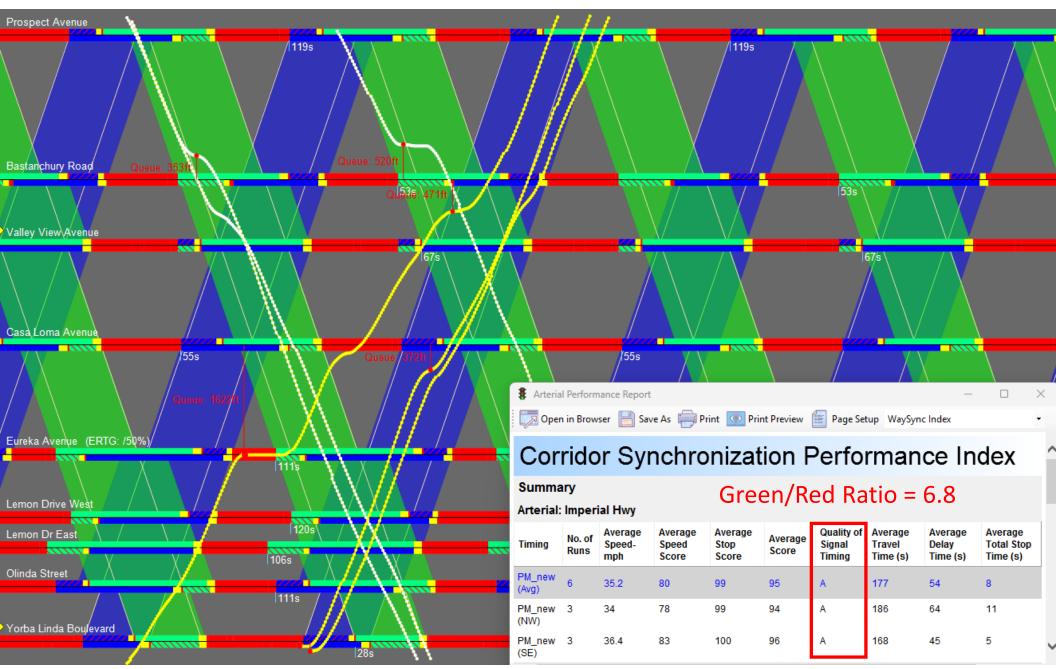
- Imperial Highway, Yorba Linda (Existing PM Plan)



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Case Demo

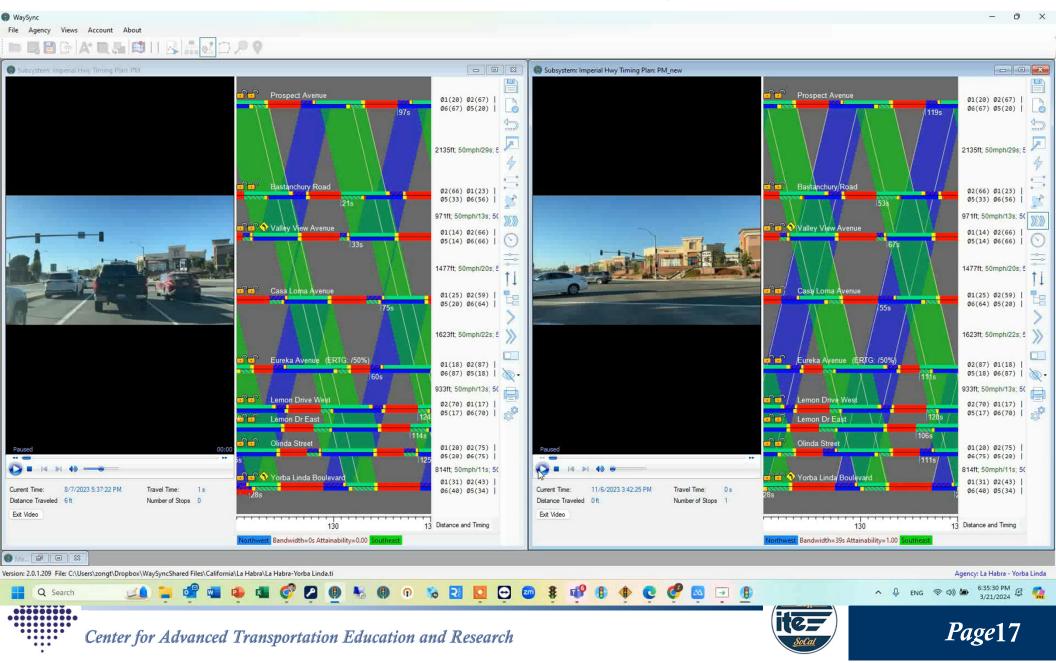
- Imperial Highway, Yorba Linda (Optimized PM Plan)



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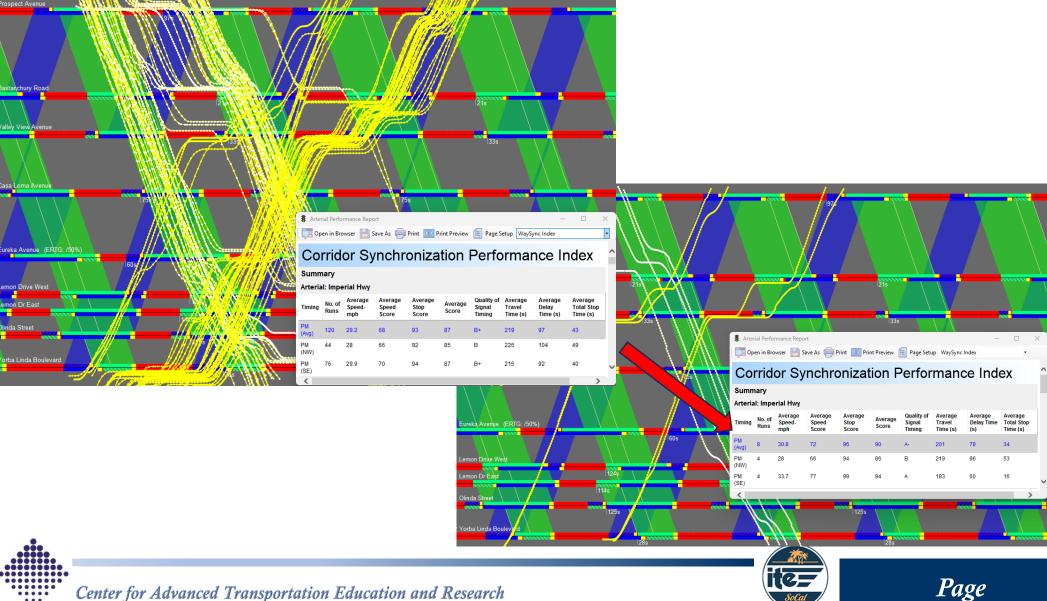
Applications

– Imperial Highway, Yorba Linda (PM Plan)



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Can you trust the automated trajectory data?





Questions

- Is ATSPM (%AoG) sufficient for evaluating arterial signal coordination timing?
- What is missing in our current practice on conducting before-after signal timing evaluations?
- What is the purpose of signal performance measures?
- Can ATSPM replace current signal timing optimization process?







Summary

- Two types of ATSPM: detector/phase based and trajectory based.
- No widely accepted performance measures are available yet for evaluating corridor-level signal timing.
- A combination of <u>%AoR</u>, <u>vehicle trajectories</u> and <u>time-space diagram</u> can reveal a more complete picture of signal timing coordination.
- Trajectory-based <u>%Stops</u> are not the same as those reported by ATSPM.
- Keep in mind: <u>The ultimate goal of ATSPM is to improve</u> <u>signal timing</u>.



